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SUBJECT:- CIVICS

CLASS:- XTH

DATE:19/01/XXI

SUBJECT TEACHER:- MR. NEEL NIRANJAN

CHAPTER 2.(REVISION -POWER SHARING) (BASED ON NCERT PATTERN)

Question 1. What is Federalism?

Answer: Federalism is a system of government in which the power is divided between a central authority and various constituent units of the country. This vertical division of power among different levels of governments is referred to as federalism. Federalism is one of the major forms of power-sharing in modern democracies.

Question 2. Name the subject list from which both the Union and the State governments can make laws?

Answer: Concurrent List

Question 3. Explain the vertical division of power by giving examples from India.

Answer: When power is shared among governments at different levels, i.e., the Union or the Central Government, the State Government and the Municipality and Panchayat at the lower level. This division of power involving higher and lower levels of government is called the vertical division of power.

Vertical division of power in India:

The Constitution declares India as a Union of States. Although the word 'Federation' is not used, the Indian Union is based on the principles of federation. The Constitution originally provided for a two-tier system of government, the Union Government or the Central Government representing Union of India and the State Governments.

Question 4. What status has been given to the 'Hindi' language by the Constitution of India?

Answer: Hindi has been given the status of 'Official language' by the Constitution of India.